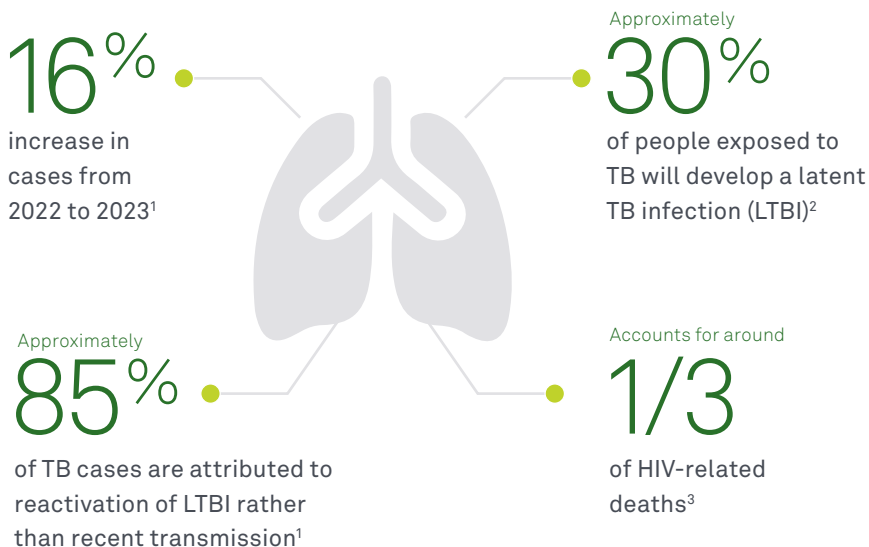




TB is still a **leading infectious disease killer** despite being both preventable and curable¹
There are screening guidelines to help protect your patients

Tuberculosis (TB) case counts have increased among all age groups in the US.¹



Latent TB is often asymptomatic



Many patients are **unaware of their infection**



People with active TB can infect **up to 15 other people** through close contact over the course of a year⁴



Screening is the **only way to determine** a patient's infection status*

*Screening does not tell you the difference between latent TB or acute TB/active TB.

Certain identified groups **have a higher risk than others**

TB is strongly influenced by social and economic determinants and health-related risk factors.^{2,5-7}

Particularly at risk are those who are

- Immigrants
- Indigent
- Immunocompromised by
 - Diabetes
 - End-stage renal disease
 - Dialysis
 - HIV infection
- Affected by alcohol and substance use disorders
- Malnourished
- Cigarette smokers



People at higher risk for **TB exposure and/or infection**⁸

- Those with **close contact** with someone with active TB
- **Foreign-born persons or visitors** of areas that have a high incidence of active TB
- Residents and employees of high-risk **congregate settings**
- **Healthcare workers** who serve clients who are at increased risk for active TB
- Populations including **medically underserved, low-income populations**, or persons who **abuse drugs or alcohol**
- **Children** exposed to adults who are at increased risk



People at increased risk for **progression of LTBI to TB disease**⁹

- Those infected with **HIV**
- Children **younger than 5 years** of age
- Those with a **recent TB infection**
- History of **untreated or inadequately treated TB**
- People receiving **certain immunosuppressive therapies**
- Those with **silicosis, diabetes mellitus, chronic renal failure, leukemia, or cancer** of the head, neck, or lung
- Persons who have had a gastrectomy or jejunioileal bypass
- Those who weigh **less than 90% of their ideal body weight**
- Cigarette **smokers**
- Populations including **medically underserved, low-income populations**, or persons who **abuse drugs or alcohol**

Know the guidelines: Tuberculosis screening

TB screening guidelines have been updated to include modern TB infection testing methods, including interferon-gamma release assays (IGRAs) or TB blood tests, to address the limitations of tuberculin skin tests (TSTs).

IGRA technology: Preferred and recommended by leading organizations



The US Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF)
recommends proactive screening for asymptomatic adults who are at risk for TB²



The CDC prefers IGRA technology for the majority of the US testing population and strongly recommends IGRAs for patients who are BCG-vaccinated¹⁰



US Citizenship and Immigration Services requires IGRA technology as the method of TB testing for immigration exams¹¹

Organization	Guideline	Population/patient type
USPSTF, 2023 ²	Recommends proactive IGRA screening for asymptomatic adults over 18 who are at risk for TB. Risk based on local and state health departments consult. IGRA preferred for patients unlikely to return for second appointment and those BCG-vaccinated.	Ages 18 and over; asymptomatic
WHO, 2022 ¹²	IGRA recommended	All
CDC, 2023 ¹	Prefers IGRA screen for majority of the US testing population with risk factor considerations. Strongly recommends IGRAs for patients unlikely to return for a second appointment and those BCG-vaccinated.	US recommended screening populations for TB
American Thoracic Society (ATS), 2017 ¹³	Prefers IGRA; assesses risk by grade recommendation on likelihood of infection and risk of progression to <i>Mtb</i> (high, intermediate, low).	Ages 5 and up
Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA), 2017 ¹³	Ages 5 and up, IGRAs indicated, especially in those not at high risk for progressing to active TB.	Ages 5 and up
CDC Civil Surgeons, 2024 ¹¹	IGRAs required in ages 2 and up - All applicants 2 years or older must have an IGRA - TST cannot be used as a substitute for IGRA testing	Immigration
American College Health Association (ACHA), 2024 ¹⁴	Relevant to college health, the preferred method for TB testing is IGRA.	Student health
American College of Rheumatology (ACR) ¹⁵	Recommend screening for hepatitis B (HBV), hepatitis C (HCV) and LTBI in patients starting or currently receiving certain biologic agents. IGRA required to start a biologic therapy, repeat with risk factors.	Immunocompromised, biologic therapy
American Gastroenterology Association (AGA), 2017 ¹⁶		Biologics therapy
American Association of Dermatology (AAD), 2017, 2024 ¹⁷		Dermatology, Biologics
OSHA/ ACOEM ^{18,19}	Follows USPSTF and CDC IGRA recommendations including TB baseline for all new hires.	Employee health, Occupational health
American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP), 2024 ²⁰	Recommendation for IGRA TB screen in children of any age, including infants and children age 2 and under. IGRA is the preferred TB screen in BCG-immunized children and immunocompromised children.	Pediatrics
The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) ²¹	Pregnant women at risk of TB should be tested for TB infection. High risk include people who are infected with HIV, live in close contact with someone who has TB, or are from a country with high incidence of TB.	Reproductive health
American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) ²²	Recommend TB testing as standard procedure in the treatment of opioid addiction: Completion of the patient’s medical history should include screening for concomitant medical conditions, including hepatitis, HIV, and TB. Testing for TB should be considered as part of initial treatment lab testing.	Substance use disorder

Testing for TB is critical to help protect patients

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We offer 2 blood tests approved by the FDA
with results available from a single visit that can be reported directly to an EHR.

Ordering information

Test name	Test code	CPT® codes
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QuantiFERON®-TB Gold Plus, 4 Tubes, Draw Site Incubated	36971	86480
T-SPOT®.TB	37737	86481

Supporting you with testing and resources that matter

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