A maculopapular or petechial rash may be present in up to 15% of patients with Colorado tick fever. A maculopapular or purpuric rash may be present in ≈5%-21% of patients with Q fever (up to 50% of children).\(^6\) Rash may be present in ≈18% of patients with tick-borne relapsing fever.\(^3\) RMSF, Rocky Mountain spotted fever.

This figure was developed by Quest Diagnostics. It is provided for informational purposes only and is not intended as medical advice. A physician’s test selection and interpretation, diagnosis, and patient management decisions should be based on his/her education, clinical expertise, and assessment of the patient.